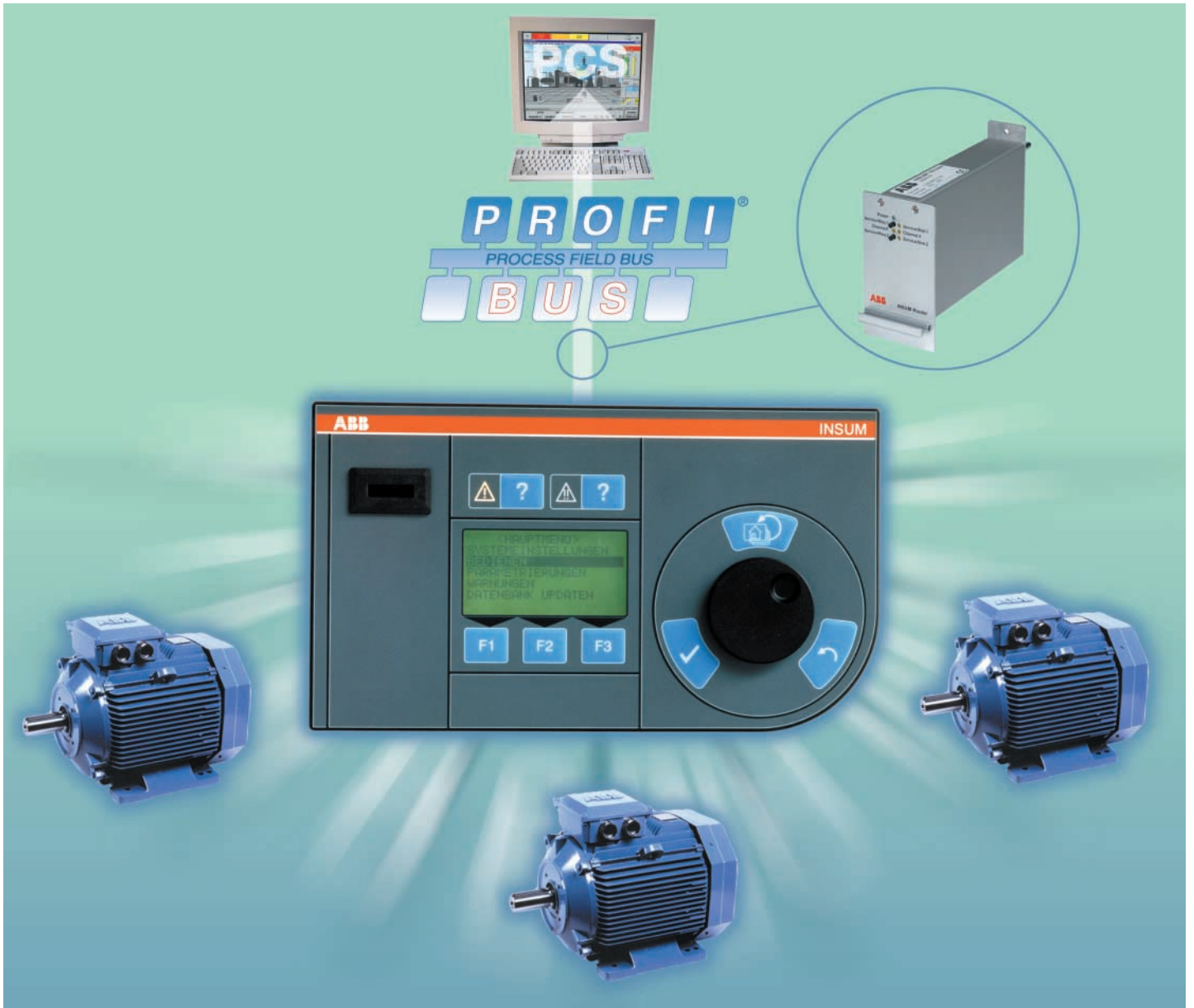


# INSUM<sup>®</sup>

## PROFIBUS Gateway Manual SW 2.1







**INSUM<sup>®</sup>**  
**PROFIBUS Gateway Manual**

Software Version 2.1

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Reference document 1TGB 350006 R0.9

# ABB PROFIBUS Gateway Manual

## SW version 2.1

|          |  |           |
|----------|--|-----------|
| <b>1</b> | <b>General Information .....</b>   | <b>4</b>  |
| 1.1      | Introduction .....   | 4         |
| 1.2      | Objective .....  | 4         |
| 1.3      | Product Highlights .....   | 4         |
| 1.4      | LON Achronyms and Definitions .....  | 4         |
| 1.5      | Related Documentation .....  | 5         |
| 1.6      | Restrictions (Fixed Information Structure) .....                           | 5         |
| 1.7      | Product Overview .....   | 5         |
| 1.7.1    | Status Information .....   | 6         |
| 1.7.2    | Alarms, Other Information .....  | 6         |
| 1.7.3    | Alarms With Trip .....   | 7         |
| 1.7.4    | Measuring Values .....   | 7         |
| 1.7.5    | Switching Commands .....   | 7         |
| <b>2</b> | <b>Hardware Installation .....</b>   | <b>8</b>  |
| 2.1      | Mechanical Setup .....   | 8         |
| <b>3</b> | <b>Configuration .....</b>   | <b>10</b> |
| 3.1      | Configuration of the LON network address and variables using the MMI ..... | 10        |
| 3.2      | Gateway Parameter .....  | 10        |
| 3.2.1    | PROFIBUS Gateway Configuration Data .....                                  | 10        |
| 3.2.2    | System .....   | 10        |
| 3.2.3    | Device Data .....  | 11        |
| <b>4</b> | <b>Interface to PCS .....</b>  | <b>13</b> |
| 4.1      | INSUM PROFIBUS DP Protocol .....   | 13        |
| 4.2      | GSD-File .....   | 13        |
| 4.3      | General data structure inside Profibus gateway .....                       | 14        |
| 4.3.1    | Read status bits and measurement values .....                              | 14        |
| 4.3.2    | Write commands .....   | 14        |
| 4.3.3    | Examples of 16-Bit measurement value (MSB, LSB) for current L1 .....       | 15        |
| 4.4      | Detailed data structure of INSUM field devices .....                       | 16        |
| 4.4.1    | Data structure of MCU .....  | 16        |
| 4.4.2    | Data structure of PR 112 - Programmable CB Release .....                   | 17        |
| 4.4.3    | Data structure of ITS - Intelligent Tier Switch .....                      | 18        |
| <b>5</b> | <b>Additional functions .....</b>  | <b>19</b> |
| 5.1      | Firmware-Download .....  | 19        |
| 5.2      | Failsafe .....   | 19        |
| 5.3      | Life List for Switchgear Units .....                                       | 19        |
| <b>6</b> | <b>Annex A - Technical Data .....</b>                                      | <b>20</b> |
| 6.1      | Mechanical Data .....  | 20        |
| 6.2      | General Electrical Data .....  | 20        |
| 6.3      | Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) .....                                  | 20        |
| 6.4      | Insulation test .....  | 21        |
| 6.5      | Environmental Testing .....  | 21        |
| <b>7</b> | <b>Annex B - INSUM Terms and Abbreviations .....</b>                       | <b>22</b> |
| <b>8</b> | <b>Index .....</b>   | <b>25</b> |

### Notes:

## 1 General Information

### 1.1 Introduction

This manual describes the PROFIBUS DP Gateway communication interface implemented in INSUM<sup>®</sup> system according to standard EN 50170. The PROFIBUS DP interface in INSUM System provides interface possibilities to the Process Control Systems or any other external systems that supports PROFIBUS.

The PROFIBUS DP is a Master-Slave protocol wherein the Gateway is always a PROFIBUS slave in all configurations. The master station controls the traffic on the bus, in this case, by PCS or PLC system. The PCS system cyclically reads the input information from the INSUM PROFIBUS Gateway and cyclically writes the output information to the Gateway. Being a standard PROFIBUS DP slave the Gateway supports 49 bytes of input information and 244 bytes of output information.

### 1.2 Objective

This manual provides detailed information on implementation of PROFIBUS DP interface in INSUM Gateway. It is primarily intended to give slave configuration information to the PCS application programmer and to provide help during installation and commissioning of the PCS-INSUM PROFIBUS DP interface. The knowledge of PROFIBUS DP field bus and DCS programming is an added advantage to the reader of this manual.

### 1.3 Product Highlights

The Gateway provides 24 bits of binary information and one analogue current information to the PCS.

The Gateway communicates to the master station at a communication speed of 1.5MB/s.

One Gateway supports communication to 48 Field Units. The switchgear unit supports 2 gateways i.e. 96 Field Units per switchgear unit in total.

### 1.4 LON Achronyms and Definitions

It is must for the user of this manual to have understanding on the following LON terminology.

#### **LON**

Local Operating Network. LON is used as shortening for LON Network.

#### **LonTalk protocol**

Communication protocol used in LON networks.

#### **LON network**

A communication network built using LON technology, including e.g. Neuron chip and LonTalk protocol.

#### **Network variable (NV)**

A data item in LonTalk application protocol containing max. 31 bytes of data. The selector is used as network wide identification of the Network Variable. The selector is a 14-bit number in the range 0...12287 (2FFFhex).

#### **SNVT**

Standard Network Variable Type. The definition of a SNVT includes unit, range, resolution and data format. SNVTs are listed in the SNVT Master List and Programmer's Guide. This list is updated by Echelon and it includes network variable types, which are commonly agreed to be used by multiple manufacturers.

#### **Monitoring device**

A device in system, which collects information from the other devices to be further transferred to another system or to be presented to the user. The devices also provide controlling interface for the system. In INSUM system Gateways, MMI, and INSUM OS are termed as Monitoring devices.

#### **Interoperability**

Interoperability means that devices can be integrated into a single system without requiring custom node or tool development. Interoperability can also be defined as being the ability of two or more devices or systems to interact with another and exchange data according to a predefined method in order to achieve predictable results.

#### **LonMark**

LonMark interoperability association is an independent world-wide industry association, which facilitates the development and implementation of open, interoperable LonWork based control products and systems. LonMark association includes manufacturers, end-users, and integrators of LON products. The association establishes guidelines such as "LonMark Application Layer Interoperability Guidelines."

#### **LonMark object**

A set of one or more network variable inputs and/or outputs implemented as SNVTs with semantic definitions relating the behaviour of the object to the network variable values, in addition to a set of configuration properties (parameters).

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## PROFIBUS Gateway Manual

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### Notes:

#### 1.5 Related Documentation

Please refer the following documents for more specific details.

1TGC 901007 C0201 INSUM Technical Information  
1TGC 901020 M0201 INSUM MCU Users Guide  
1TGC 901025 M0201 INSUM MCU Parameter Description  
1TGC 901033 M0201 INSUM MMI Operating Instruction  
1TGC 901041 M0201 INSUM Modbus Gateway Manual  
1TGC 901070 M0201 INSUM Control Access Guide  
1TGC 901071 M0201 INSUM Failsafe Guide  
1TGC 901072 M0201 INSUM Dual Redundancy Guide  
1TGC 901073 M0201 INSUM Network Management Guide  
SACE RH 0080 Rev.j PR112/ PD-L LON Works Interface  
1SEP407948P0001 Users Manual Intelligent Tier Switch (ITS)

#### 1.6 Restrictions (Fixed Information Structure)

The information provided from gateway is not configurable. The Gateway information is predefined.

#### 1.7 Product Overview

The INSUM PROFIBUS Gateway gives access to the PCS/PLC/SCADA System to INSUM Field Unit's i.e. INSUM MCUs, Circuit Breakers and Intelligent Tier Switches. The FUs accepts the control commands from the external control system via the gateway and updates continuously the status information and measuring values.

The information available to the control system from different FUs is as listed below.

**Notes:**

**1.7.1 Status Information**

| Field Unit                          | Info available for DCS   |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| <b>MCU<br/>(Motor Control Unit)</b> | Motor Running Direction 1<br>Motor Running Direction 2<br>Motor Stopped<br>Motor Tripped<br>Motor Warning<br>Main Switch off<br>Test Position<br>Local Control |
| <b>PR 112</b>                       | CB open<br>CB closed<br>CB isolated<br>CB springs discharged<br>Harmonic distortion<br>Local Operation<br>Warning<br>Trip                                      |
| <b>ITS</b>                          | Fuse blown (Phase 1, 2, 3)<br>Alarm<br>Trip  |

**1.7.2 Alarms, Other Information**

| Field Unit                          | Info available for DCS  |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| <b>MCU<br/>(Motor Control Unit)</b> | Failsafe<br>Lifesign<br>Maintenance Warning including <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Operating Hours Maintenance</li> <li>– Switch Cycles Maintenance Cca, Ccb, Ccc</li> </ul> General Purpose Input1<br>General Purpose Input2<br>Limit switch 1 (Open)<br>Limit switch 2 (Close)<br>Star, Delta<br>N1, N2<br>Thermal Overload Warning |
| <b>PR 112</b>                       | Lifesign<br>Unbalanced phases<br>Contact wear pre-alarm<br>Contact wear alarm<br>Protection L pre-alarm<br>Protection L alarm<br>Protection S alarm<br>Protection G alarm<br>Protection T alarm   |
| <b>ITS</b>                          | Lifesign<br>Overtemperature<br>Switch connected<br>Overcurrent (phase 1, 2, 3)  |



**Notes:**

### 1.7.3 Alarms With Trip

| Field Unit                          | Info available for DCS  |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| <b>MCU<br/>(Motor Control Unit)</b> | TOL Reset Level Reached<br>Start inhibit alarm<br>Emergency Stop<br>Stalled Trip<br>No Load Trip<br>Torque Trip<br>Phase Current Loss Trip<br>Thermal Overload Trip |
| <b>PR 112</b>                       | LC1 opened<br>LC2 opened<br>Protection L<br>Protection S<br>Protection I<br>Protection G<br>Protection T  |
| <b>ITS</b>                          | Not applicable  |

### 1.7.4 Measuring Values

| Field Unit                          | Info available for DCS |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|
| <b>MCU<br/>(Motor Control Unit)</b> | Phase Current L1 (%)   |
| <b>PR 112</b>                       | Phase Current L1 (%)   |
| <b>ITS</b>                          | Phase Current L1 (%)   |

### 1.7.5 Switching Commands

| Field Unit                          | Info available for DCS   |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| <b>MCU<br/>(Motor Control Unit)</b> | Start commands: Start, Start CW, Start CCW, Start CW N2, Start CCW N2<br>Stop<br>Reset<br>General Purpose Output1<br>General Purpose Output2 |
| <b>PR 112</b>                       | CB open<br>CB close<br>CB reset<br>Trip reset<br>LC1 opening block reset<br>LC2 opening block reset<br>LC2 autoreclosure reset               |
| <b>ITS</b>                          | Not applicable   |

**Notes:**

## 2 Hardware Installation

The PROFIBUS DP protocol in INSUM System is implemented in a module called PROFIBUS Gateway.

### 2.1 Mechanical Setup

The mechanical setup of the gateway is plug-in type like any other component mounted on the INSUM backplane. The Gateway draws power from the INSUM backplane.



Figure 2-1 PROFIBUS Gateway Module Front



Figure 2-3 PROFIBUS Gateway Rear Plate

### Indications

- Power:** A green LED indicates that the 24VDC-power supply for the module is available
- CPU:** A flashing green LED indicates that the Gateway CPU is functioning properly
- DCS:** A yellow LED indicates that the Gateway communication to DCS is running
- LON:** A flashing yellow LED indicates that the Gateway is communicating on the main LON bus
- Service/Status:** A yellow LED indicates the Service/Status of the NEURON (LON Communication Chip) Gateway

### Pushbuttons

- Reset:** Executes a hardware reset of Gateway
- Service/Req:** The service button will cause the Gateway to broadcast a service pin message on the network.

### Firmware Download Interface

A 9-pin SUB-D female connector is provided for communication to RS232 interface of PC. The new system software (firmware) can be downloaded via this port using Windows terminal program (16 Bit version) Physical connection RS232C; Baudrate 19.2 fixed. Recognition using bridge in download cable.

### Dip switch arrangement for Bus Termination/ Biasing of Profibus

| Switch | Description         | Factory Set Position (Default) |
|--------|---------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1      | Biasing of DATA+    | Off                            |
| 2      | Biasing of DATA-    | Off                            |
| 3      | Biasing of RTS+     | Off                            |
| 4      | Biasing of RTS-     | Off                            |
| 5      | Termination of DATA | Off                            |
| 6      | Termination of RTS  | Off                            |

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## PROFIBUS Gateway Manual

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**Notes:****Bus termination**

Termination of bus at both end is a must to minimise cable reflections and noise level. The DIP switches 1, 2 and 5 should be in 'ON' position in order to terminate the bus at the INSUM PROFIBUS Gateway end. External passive bus terminators ( Resistors built in a D-SUB plug connector) are neither supported by the backplane nor by gateways.

**Communication interface:**

The supported communication media is a shielded twisted pair cable. The connector for the PROFIBUS interface is located on the backplane front and carried out as 9-pin SUB-D female connector for RS485.

### Notes:

## 3 Configuration

The configuration task can be classified into three main activities  
 Configuration of the LON network address and LON network variables by using the MMI.  
 Configuration of Gateway parameters like PROFIBUS address and used subnet using the MMI.  
 Configuration of PCS using gateways GSD-File (see chapter 4 Interface to PCS)

### 3.1 Configuration of the LON network address and variables using the MMI

The Insum components on the LON network communicate to each other using LON network address and network variables. The process of defining the connections among NVs of Insum is called LON Network Binding. The setting of network address and binding is done with the help of MMI in the following way:

1. Select MMIs menu item: SYSTEM INSTALLATION
2. Choose address 5/16 ( first Profibus gateway, see following table)
3. Press the INSTALL button on MMI
4. Press Service button on gateway
5. Press MMIs DEFAULT button

Profibus Gateway supports 48 field devices. The following table shows possible numbers and LON addresses of MCUs the gateway is able to work with:

| Field device type | Field device LON address | Profibus Gateway LON address | Subnet (Line) Filter | Number of field devices |
|-------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| MCU / ITS         | 1/1 ... 1/24             | 5/16                         | 1/2                  | 24                      |
|                   | 2/1 ... 2/24             |                              |                      | + 24 = 48               |
| MCU / ITS         | 3/1 ... 3/24             | 5/17                         | 3/4                  | 24                      |
|                   | 4/1 ... 4/24             |                              |                      | + 24 = 48               |
| PR 112            | 4/1 ... 4/24             | 5/17                         | 4                    | 24                      |

### 3.2 Gateway Parameter

#### 3.2.1 PROFIBUS Gateway Configuration Data

INSUM uses the MASTER-SLAVE philosophy. The PROFIBUS Gateway works in slave configuration.. The Master is always a Process Control System or other Superior System controlling the process. The data configured is used in the communication to the Master system.

PROFIBUS Address:

This field defines the address for the INSUM system when communicating with the DCS. The DCS must be configured for INSUM communication using this address.

Subnet Lines:

The PROFIBUS Gateway in INSUM system supports the handling of 48 field devices. One INSUM backplane can handle two PROFIBUS Gateways. The gateway thus needs to be configured acc. to the subnet lines it is controlling. E.g. a gateway no. 1 is handling field devices on subnet 1 and 2 where as the gateway no. 2 handles field devices on subnet 3 and 4.

Hold Data at Reset:

Not available

#### 3.2.2 System

In most applications the default values of the device are sufficient to start with. However, they should be tuned as per the application requirement for the optimum usage.

Field Device Timeout:

The MCU sends the cyclic update of MCU binary signals to the backbone devices. The update from MCU must be received within the time specified in this parameter.

Control Command Timeout Function

This parameter enables the repetition of control commands when the acknowledgement is not received from the MCU within a specified time. The control commands are not repeated if the acknowledgement is received within the specified time.

Control Command Timeout:

### Notes:

The device waits till the expiry of the time in this parameter before repeating the control command to the MCU.

#### Failsafe Heartbeat Function

This parameter is used to monitor the communication between the backbone devices (only INSUM OS and Gateway) and MCU. The backbone devices broadcast the Failsafe Heartbeat at a defined interval and MCU monitors the receipt of this signal with respect to Failsafe time out parameter. If the MCU does not receive this signal within the Failsafe Timeout, MCU activates the Failsafe Mode.

#### Failsafe Heartbeat:

This parameter defines the time interval at which the failsafe heartbeat is broadcasted to the MCUs.

**Counsel:** The Failsafe Timeout time on MCU's must be defined with respect to this parameter. Also, note that if the Failsafe Heartbeat is enabled on both GW and INSUM OS, the MCU will activate the failsafe mode only when the Failsafe Heartbeat is not received within the failsafe timeout from any of the devices.

#### Failsafe Timeout PLC Function

This is a specific Gateway parameter. This parameter monitors the communication between the Gateways and the PLC system. In case of any interruption in this communication, Gateway activates the failsafe mode on MCUs.

#### Failsafe Timeout PLC

The Gateway waits until the expiry of this time before invoking the Failsafe function on MCU. If the communication with the PLC system is resumed during this time, Gateway will not activate the Failsafe function on MCU.

The System parameters play an important role in supervising the internal network communication and cyclic update of MCU data.

#### SU Lifesign Heartbeat:

This parameter determines the time interval at which the SU Lifesign Heartbeat is to be sent by the backplane device. The other stations monitor the receipt of this signal for a defined time interval. If other stations during the specified time do not receive this signal, the device will be taken out from the SU Lifelist of the other stations.

#### SU Lifesign Timeout:

This parameter defines the time for the receipt of the SU Lifesign signal from the other backbone devices. The backbone device waits till this time before taking out the other backbone devices from its SU Lifelist.

#### SU Lifelist Heartbeat Function

The backbone devices GW, MMI and INSUM OS supervise each other and keep the check on their availability. Each station sends a special signal 'SU Lifesign' to indicate that they are 'alive'.

#### SU Lifelist Heartbeat:

This parameter defines the time interval at which the SU lifelist is to be sent to the MCU's. The 'Station Lifelist Timeout' Parameter on the MCU monitors the receipt of SU lifelist.

#### Control Access Priority:

This parameter assigns the priority order to the backbone device in CA mechanism. The CA mechanism works in a hierarchical manner. The hierarchy is maintained as per the priority assigned to the device. The Control Access is then handled based on the priority order. Up to 16 stations can be defined for the priority order. The station defined with a CA priority 1 has the highest priority and the station with CA priority 16 is the lowest one. The CA priority should be assigned unique to every device.

#### Control Access Name:

The name assigned in this parameter is used in the MCU CAT. The name thus represents the device in the CAT.

### 3.2.3 Device Data

The Device Data show the current versions of backplane devices like MMI, Gateway, and INSUM OS. The information is directly read from the devices and is for user information only.

#### Firmware Version:

The data in this field shows firmware version of the device with its date of release. With this, the user can confirm the version existing on the device. This can also be used as a check while upgrading the software. The field will show the upgraded software version if the upgrade is successful. This field is specific to MMI and Gateway.

#### Hardware Version:

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## PROFIBUS Gateway Manual

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### Notes:

The data in this field shows hardware version of the device. With this, the user can confirm the version existing on the device. This can also be used as a compatibility check of hardware while upgrading the device to new software release.

#### Parameter File Version:

The data in this field shows parameter file version of the device. With this, the user can confirm the correctness of a parameter file used.

#### Important

A new gateway from factory uses default parameters. Those should not be changed if not necessary.

Reboot gateway by using of Reset Push Button after a change of parameters: PROFIBUS address or/ and subnet filter. Otherwise gateway will not work with new settings.

### Notes:

## 4 Interface to PCS

### 4.1 INSUM PROFIBUS DP Protocol

PROFIBUS distinguishes between Master and slave devices. Master devices determine the data communication on the bus. A master, also called active stations in the PROFIBUS protocol, can send messages without an external request when it holds the bus access rights i.e. token. Slave devices, also referred as passive devices do not have bus access rights and they can only acknowledge received messages or send messages to the master as and when requested.

The INSUM PROFIBUS Gateway is a PROFIBUS slave device that responds when a query from the Master station i.e. PCS is being received.

### 4.2 GSD-File

The information on how to configure the INSUM PROFIBUS Gateway as PROFIBUS slave in PCS system is described in the Gateway GSD data file as specified by PROFIBUS standard. The \*.GSD file is a text file containing description of the PROFIBUS device, with a predetermined syntax. The content of the INSUM PROFIBUS Gateway is important for the configuration of PROFIBUS slave device in PCS system.

#### GSD-Data for INSUM Gateway PROFIBUS-DP

(available in electronic format on request)

```
#PROFIBUS_DP
Vendor_Name = "ABB Schaltanlagentechnik GmbH"
Model_Name = "INSUM Gateway PROFIBUS-DP"
Revision = "1.10"
Ident_Number = 0x165A
Protocol_Ident = 0
Station_Type = 0
FMS_supp = 0
Hardware_Release = "1.00"
Software_Release = "1.10"
9.6_supp = 0
19.2_supp = 0
93.75_supp = 0
187.5_supp = 0
500_supp = 0
1.5M_supp = 1
MaxTcdr_9.6 = 60
MaxTcdr_19.2 = 60
MaxTcdr_93.75 = 60
MaxTcdr_187.5 = 60
MaxTcdr_500 = 100
MaxTcdr_1.5M = 50
Redundancy = 0
Repeater_Ctrl_Sig = 0
24V_Pins = 0
;
;--Slave specific info--
;
Freeze_Mode_supp = 0
Sync_Mode_supp = 0
Auto_Baud_supp = 0
Set_Slave_Add_supp = 0
Min_Slave_Intervall = 30
Modular_Station = 0
;

Module= "48xMCU(2x24)+Life"
0x40,0x3F,0x40,0x3F,0x40,0x3F,0x40,0x2F,0x40,0x03,0x80,0x00,
0x80,0x2F

EndModule
Module= "48xMCU(2x24)+Life"
0x40,0x3F,0x40,0x3F,0x40,0x3F,0x40,0x2F,0x40,0x03,0x80,0x00,
0x80,0x2F

EndModule
```

#### Slave address configuration

The PROFIBUS Gateway address can be configured through MMI. The valid address range is 1 to 126.

**Notes:**

### 4.3 General data structure inside Profibus gateway

Gateway recognizes automatically device type of field devices. CB's will only accepted if they are located in subnet 4.

#### 4.3.1 Read status bits and measurement values

Read using service **Data\_exchange, NIL-SAP** (Value active when bit set.)

| Byte | Bit-7  | Bit-6 | Bit-5 | Bit-4 | Bit-3 | Bit-2 | Bit-1 | Bit-0 | Description    |                           |                           |                           |                            |                            |                            |                            |                           |                   |
|------|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| 0    | <b>Status bits and measurement value of device 1 (MCU, ITS or PR112)</b> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       | Field device 1 |                           |                           |                           |                            |                            |                            |                            |                           |                   |
| 1    |  |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |                |                           |                           |                           |                            |                            |                            |                            |                           |                   |
| 2    |  |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |                |                           |                           |                           |                            |                            |                            |                            |                           |                   |
| 3    | <b>Status bits and measurement value of device 2 (MCU, ITS or PR112)</b> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       | Field device 2 |                           |                           |                           |                            |                            |                            |                            |                           |                   |
| 4    |  |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |                |                           |                           |                           |                            |                            |                            |                            |                           |                   |
| 5    |  |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |                |                           |                           |                           |                            |                            |                            |                            |                           |                   |
| 6    | <b>Data of further devices (2...48, byte 5...239)</b>                    |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |                |                           |                           |                           |                            |                            |                            |                            |                           |                   |
| 7    |  |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |                |                           |                           |                           |                            |                            |                            |                            |                           |                   |
| 8    |  |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |                |                           |                           |                           |                            |                            |                            |                            |                           |                   |
| 9    | <b>Data of further devices (2...48, byte 5...239)</b>                    |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |                |                           |                           |                           |                            |                            |                            |                            |                           |                   |
| 240  |  |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |                | Device with CA Priority 8 | Device with CA Priority 7 | Device with CA Priority 6 | Device with CA Priority 5  | Device with CA Priority 4  | Device with CA Priority 3  | Device with CA Priority 2  | Not used/available        | Lifelist Backbone |
| 241  |  |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |                | Not used/available        | Not used/available        | Not used/available        | Device with CA Priority 13 | Device with CA Priority 12 | Device with CA Priority 11 | Device with CA Priority 10 | Device with CA Priority 9 | Lifelist Backbone |
| 242  |  |       |       |       |       |       |       |       | not used       |                           |                           |                           |                            |                            |                            |                            |                           |                   |
| 243  |  |       |       |       |       |       |       |       | not used       |                           |                           |                           |                            |                            |                            |                            |                           |                   |

#### 4.3.2 Write commands

Write using service **Data\_exchange, NIL-SAP**

\* Commands are valid only when DCS\_OK bit (byte 0, bit 0) is set. Bit starts failsafe supervision of Profibus if related parameter (Failsafe Timeout PLC) enabled.

| Byte  | Bit-7  | Bit-6 | Bit-5 | Bit-4 | Bit-3 | Bit-2 | Bit-1 | Bit-0       | Description                                       |
|---|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------------|---|
| 0   |  |       |       |       |       |       |       | PLC OK = 1* | Start Failsafe Function, Enable switching command |
| 1   | <b>Switching command of device 1 (MCU, CB, empty in case of ITS)</b> |       |       |       |       |       |       |             | Device 1  |
| 2   | <b>Switching command of device 2 (MCU, CB, empty in case of ITS)</b> |       |       |       |       |       |       |             | Device 2  |
| 3   | <b>Switching command of device 3 (MCU, CB, empty in case of ITS)</b> |       |       |       |       |       |       |             | Device 3  |
| <b>Switching commands of further devices (Device 4...48, byte 4...48)</b> |  |       |       |       |       |       |       |             |   |



**Notes:**

**4.3.3 Examples of 16-Bit measurement value (MSB, LSB) for current L1**

| Byte    | Bit-7 | Bit-6 | Bit-5 | Bit-4 | Bit-3 | Bit-2 | Bit-1 | Bit-0 | Decimal value |
|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------------|
| 3 (MSB) | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     |               |
| 4 (LSB) | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 1     | = 1           |
| 3       | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     |               |
| 4       | 0     | 0     | 0     | 1     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | = 16          |
| 3       | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     |               |
| 4       | 1     | 1     | 1     | 1     | 1     | 1     | 1     | 1     | = 255         |
| 3       | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 1     |               |
| 4       | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | = 256         |
| 3       | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 1     |               |
| 4       | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 1     | 0     | = 258         |
| 3       | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 1     | 0     |               |
| 4       | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | = 512         |

**Notes:**

**4.4 Detailed data structure of INSUM field devices**

**4.4.1 Data structure of MCU**

**Status bits and measuring values**

| Description        | Byte | Bit7  | Bit6   | Bit5   | Bit4                                   | Bit3                                   | Bit2                   | Bit1   | Bit0                          |
|--------------------|------|---|--|--|--|--|------------------------|--|-------------------------------|
| Motor Status       | N    | Local control<br>1=local<br>0=bus                 | Test   | Main Switch off<br>(earlier Drawer<br>_Off_Pos)                        | Common<br>Warning                      | Common<br>Trip                         | Stop                   | Run-CCW  | Run or<br>Run-CW              |
| Motor              | N+1  | TOL<br>Warning                                    | N2 (MCU2 only) or<br>Delta (MCU2 only)<br>or limit2=Close<br>(MCU2 only) | N1 (MCU2 only) or<br>Star (MCU2 only)<br>or limit1=Open<br>(MCU2 only) | General<br>Purpose In 2<br>(MCU2 only) | General<br>Purpose In 1<br>(MCU2 only) | Maintenance<br>Warning | Lifesign   | Failsafe                      |
| Motor<br>Trips     | N+2  | TOL Trip  | Phase Current<br>Loss Trip   | Torque Trip<br>(MCU2 only)   | No Load Trip                           | Stalled Trip                           | EM Stop Trip           | Start inhibit<br>alarm (earlier<br>TOL Inhibit<br>Level reached) | TOL<br>Reset Level<br>Reached |
| Measured<br>Values | N+3  | Phase 1 Current [%]- Most Significant Byte(MSB)   |  |  |  |  |                        |  |                               |
|                    | N+4  | Phase 1 Current [%]- Least Significant Byte (LSB) |  |  |  |  |                        |  |                               |

**And so on for other 47 motors (Byte 5..239)**

|                                |     |                                 |                                  |                                  |                                  |                                  |                                  |                                  |                                 |
|--------------------------------|-----|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Lifelist<br>Switchgear<br>unit | 240 | Device<br>with CA<br>Priority 8 | Device<br>with CA<br>Priority 7  | Device<br>with CA<br>Priority 6  | Device<br>with CA<br>Priority 5  | Device<br>with CA<br>Priority 4  | Device<br>with CA<br>Priority 3  | Device<br>with CA<br>Priority 2  | Not used                        |
| Lifelist<br>Switchgear<br>unit | 241 | Not used                        | Device with<br>CA<br>Priority 15 | Device with<br>CA<br>Priority 14 | Device with<br>CA<br>Priority 13 | Device with<br>CA<br>Priority 12 | Device with<br>CA<br>Priority 11 | Device with<br>CA<br>Priority 10 | Device with<br>CA<br>Priority 9 |
| NA                             | 242 |                                 |                                  |                                  |                                  |                                  |                                  |                                  |                                 |
| NA                             | 243 |                                 |                                  |                                  |                                  |                                  |                                  |                                  |                                 |

If no other description, bit = 1 means information, warning, trip is active. (E.g. Lifesign = 1 -> MCU is alive)

**Write output information**

| Description                    | Byte | Bit7                          | Bit6  | Bit5                                    | Bit4                                    | Bit3         | Bit2   | Bit1  | Bit0  |
|--------------------------------|------|-------------------------------|---|---|---|--------------|--------|---|---|
| PROFIBUS<br>communi-<br>cation | 0    |                               |   |   |   |              |        |   | DCS OK<br>=1  |
| Motor_1<br>Command             | 1    | Start-CCW-N2 (MCU2<br>only)** | Start-N2 (MCU2 only)<br>or Start-CW-N2 (MCU2<br>only)** | General Purpose Out 1<br>(MCU2 only)*** | General Purpose Out 2<br>(MCU2 only)*** | Reset Trip** | Stop** | Start-CCW or<br>Start-CCW-N1 (MCU2<br>only) or Close (MCU2<br>only)** | Start or Start-CW or<br>Start-CW-N1 (MCU2<br>only) or Open (MCU2<br>only)** |

**And so on for other 47 motors (Byte 2..48)**

Note:

\*\* Motor Command (bit 0... 3, 6, 7). One of these six bits should be set to 1. All other combinations are invalid and will not be executed. Only in case of a change in these six bit's switching command will be sent to the MCU. Motor related commands are executed only if DCS\_OK bit (byte 0, bit 0) is set. DCS\_OK bit starts Profibus failsafe mechanism if related parameter enabled.

\*\*\* Requires MCU parameter settings: GpOut Open: 1, GpOut Closed: 0.

**Notes:**

**Valid MCU bit combinations:**

| Bit 7 | Bit-6 | Bit-5 | Bit-4 | Bit-3 | Bit-2 | Bit-1 | Bit-0 | Command sent to field device                                     |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|
| 0     | 0     | X     | X     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 1     | Start or Start-CW or Start-CW-N1 (MCU2 only) or Open (MCU2 only) |
| 0     | 0     | X     | X     | 0     | 0     | 1     | 0     | Start CCW or Start CCW-N1 (MCU2 only) or Close (MCU2 only)       |
| 0     | 0     | X     | X     | 0     | 1     | 0     | 0     | Stop   |
| 0     | 0     | X     | X     | 1     | 0     | 0     | 0     | Reset Trip   |
| 0     | 1     | X     | X     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | Start-N2 (MCU2 only) or Start-CW-N2 (MCU2 only)                  |
| 1     | 0     | X     | X     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | Start-CCW-N2 (MCU2 only)   |

**4.4.2 Data structure of PR 112 - Programmable CB Release**

**Status bits and measurement values:**

| Byte | Bit-7             | Bit-6                  | Bit-5                       | Bit-4              | Bit-3              | Bit-2                 | Bit-1                | Bit-0                  | Description   |
|------|-------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|---------------|
| N    | Any warning       | Any trip               | CB isolated                 | CB open            | CB closed          | CB springs discharged | Local operating mode | Harmonic Distortion    |               |
| N+1  | Unbalanced phases | Protection L pre-alarm | Protection L alarm          | Protection S alarm | Protection G alarm | Protection T alarm    | Lifesign             | Contact pre-wear alarm |               |
| N+2  | Protection L trip | Protection S trip      | Protection I trip           | Protection G trip  | Protection T trip  | LC1 has opened        | LC2 has opened       | Contact wear alarm     |               |
| N+3  | L1 current [ % ]  |                        | MSB (Most Significant Byte) |                    |                    |                       |                      |                        | Phase current |
| N+4  | L1 current [ % ]  |                        | LSB (Last Significant Byte) |                    |                    |                       |                      |                        | Phase current |

Value active when bit set.

**Switching commands:**

| Byte | Bit-7    | Bit-6      | Bit-5      | Bit-4     | Bit-3                      | Bit-2                     | Bit-1                     | Bit-0        | Description |
|------|----------|------------|------------|-----------|----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------|
| M    | Not used | CB reset** | CB close** | CB open** | LC2 auto reclosure reset** | LC2 opening block reset** | LC1 opening block reset** | Trip reset** |             |

Note:

\*\* At the same time it's not allowed to set more than one bit (Bit 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6) to 1. Bit combinations with more than one bit set are not valid and will not be performed. Gateway sends only a switch command to CB when gateway recognizes a change in bit 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6. Commands are executed only if DCS\_OK bit (byte 0, bit 0) is set.

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## PROFIBUS Gateway Manual

### Notes:

#### Valid PR 112 bit combinations:

| Bit-6 | Bit-5 | Bit-4 | Bit-3 | Bit-2 | Bit-1 | Bit-0 | Command sent to field device                |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|
| 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 1     | Trip reset (Lon-Code: 0)                    |
| 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 1     | 0     | LC1 opening block reset (Lon-Code: 1)       |
| 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 1     | 0     | 0     | LC2 opening block block reset (Lon-Code: 2) |
| 0     | 0     | 0     | 1     | 0     | 0     | 0     | LC2 auto reclosure reset (Lon-Code: 3)      |
| 0     | 0     | 1     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | CB open (Lon-Code: 4)                       |
| 0     | 1     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | CB close (Lon-Code: 5)                      |
| 1     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | CB reset (Lon-Code: 6)                      |

#### 4.4.3 Data structure of ITS - Intelligent Tier Switch

##### Status bits and measurement value:

| Byte | Bit-7                                      | Bit-6 | Bit-5                | Bit-4                | Bit-3                | Bit-2              | Bit-1              | Bit-0              | Description   |
|------|--|-------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------|
| N    |  |       |                      | Any Alarm            | Any Trip             | Fuse Phase 3 blown | Fuse Phase 2 blown | Fuse Phase 1 blown |               |
| N+1  | Overtemperature                            |       | Over-current Phase 3 | Over-current Phase 2 | Over-current Phase 1 | Switch connected   | Lifesign           |                    |               |
| N+2  |  |       |                      |                      |                      |                    |                    |                    |               |
| N+3  | L1 current [%] MSB (Most Significant Byte) |       |                      |                      |                      |                    |                    |                    | Phase current |
| N+4  | L1 current [%] LSB (Last Significant Byte) |       |                      |                      |                      |                    |                    |                    | Phase current |

Value active when bit set.

##### Switching command:

| Byte | Bit-7          | Bit-6          | Bit-5          | Bit-4          | Bit-3          | Bit-2          | Bit-1          | Bit-0          | Description |
|------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|
| M    | Not used/empty | Not used/empty | Not used/empty | Not used/empty | Not used/empty | Not used/empty | Not used/empty | Not used/empty |             |

### Notes:

## 5 Additional functions

In addition to the main function, PROFIBUS Gateway performs a variety of additional functions, which are described in the following chapters.

### 5.1 Firmware-Download

The Firmware containing the whole application software code of the units is stored in a non-volatile Flash-EPROM. A new firmware version can be loaded via service port.

#### Download via the Serial Link

Using terminal.exe PC program, the new firmware can be loaded from a connected PC via the serial link through the service interface.

### 5.2 Failsafe

#### Supervision of field bus

The communication on the field bus is supervised by the MCU using a timeout-mechanism. The gateway sends cyclically a message (nvoFailsafe) to the MCU. The fault situation is defined, as a MCU has not received a message from gateway for a certain time (GW Parameter: Failsafe Heartbeat, MCU parameter: Failsafe Timeout). In a fault situation the MCU goes into configured state. In case parameter "Failsafe timeout PLC" is not activated supervision of field bus starts immediately.

Please note: Failsafe mechanism is not available for PR 112 and ITS.

#### Supervision of the PROFIBUS and fieldbus

The communication on the PROFIBUS is supervised by gateway using a timeout-mechanism, i.e. a fault situation is recognised when byte 0, bit 0 of PROFIBUS Write Output Table is not set cyclic by PCS to 1. This timeout value (Failsafe timeout PLC) can be configured. The Gateway responds the fault situation by sending of a message (nvoFailsafe= activated) via the LON-network to each field device. Afterwards the field device goes into configured state. After this PCS or PROFIBUS failure bus supervision starts by setting of bit 0 again.

### 5.3 Life List for Switchgear Units

To supervise the availability of the Gateways and the MMIs for other units on the LON network these stations cyclically send a heartbeat message on the net. Every switchgear unit receives this message and generates a Life List, which is cyclically updated. One switchgear unit propagates this list to all field devices (except ITS). Life List appears in PROFIBUS Read Input Table too.

Position of every switchgear unit station in Life List is configurable by CA Priority. The cycle time (SU Lifesign Heartbeat), the timeout (SU Lifesign Timeout) and heartbeat (SU Lifelist Heartbeat) are configurable.

**Notes:**

**6 Annex A - Technical Data**

**6.1 Mechanical Data**

|            |                           |
|------------|---------------------------|
| Enclosure  | Aluminium Metal Case      |
| Dimensions | 135 x 67 x 215 mm (HxWxD) |
| Weight     | ca. 0,75 kg               |

**6.2 General Electrical Data**

|                          |                        |
|--------------------------|------------------------|
| Power Supply             | 24 V DC (18...36 V DC) |
| Power Consumption (max.) | 5,0 W                  |
| Nominal Current (typ.)   | 175 mA                 |
| Inrush Current           | < 350 mA               |

|                       |                  |
|-----------------------|------------------|
| Storage Temperature   | -20 °C to +80 °C |
| Operating Temperature | -5 °C to +70 °C  |

|                  |          |
|------------------|----------|
| Protection Class | IP 30    |
| MTBF             | 15 years |

**6.3 Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)**

| Standard *       | Subject  | Level      | Class   | Criteria |   |
|------------------|--|------------|---------|----------|---|
| EN 50081-1       | 0.15 – 0.5 MHz (230VAC *)                            | 79/66 dBuV | B       | -        |   |
|                  | 0.5 – 30 MHz (230VAC *)                              | 73/60 dBuV | B       | -        |   |
| EN 50081-1       | 30 – 230 MHz (Case)                                  | 30 dBuV    | B       | -        |   |
|                  | 230 – 1000 MHz (Case)                                | 37 dBuV    | B       | -        |   |
| EN 61000-4-2     | Contact discharge                                    | 6 kV       | 3       | A        |   |
| EN 61000-4-3     | Sinus modulation                                     | 10 V/m     | 3       | A        |   |
| EN 61000-4-4     | 230 VAC *  | 4 kV       | 4       | A        |   |
|                  | 24 VDC power supply lines                            | 2 kV       | 3       | A        |   |
|                  | Lon XP 1250  | 2 kV       | 4       | A        |   |
|                  | PROFIBUS RS485                                       | 2 kV       | 4       | A        |   |
| EN 61000-4-5     | 230 VAC * asymmetrical / symmetrical                 | 2/1 kV     | 3       | A        |   |
|                  | 24 VDC power supply lines asymmetrical / symmetrical | 1 kV       | 2       | A        |   |
|                  | LON XP 1250  | 2 kV       | 3       | A        |   |
|                  | PROFIBUS RS485                                       | 2 kV       | 3       | A        |   |
| EN 61000-4-6     | 230 VAC *  | 10 V       | 3       | A        |   |
|                  | 24 VDC   | 10 V       | 3       | A        |   |
|                  | Lon XP 1250  | 10 V       | 3       | A        |   |
|                  | PROFIBUS RS485                                       | 10 V       | 3       | A        |   |
| EN 61000-4-11    | 230 VAC *  | 70 % Un    | 10 ms   | A        | - |
|                  |  | 40 % Un    | 1000 ms | A        | - |
|                  |  | <5 % Un    | 5000 ms | C        | - |
| PR EN 61000-4-29 | Voltage dips 24 VDC                                  | 70 % Un    | 1000 ms | A        | - |
|                  |  | 40 % Un    | 100 ms  | A        | - |
|                  |  | <5 % Un    | 30 ms   | A        | - |

\* with power supply unit 1TGB302006

**Notes:**

**6.4 Insulation test**

| Standard           | Subject   | Reference Point    | Level      | Class |
|--------------------|-----------|--------------------|------------|-------|
| IEC 60255-5 chap.4 | 24 V DC   | Ground plane       | +/- 0.8 kV | 3     |
|                    | 24 V DC   | Internal bus lines | +/- 0.8 kV | 3     |
|                    | Bus lines | Ground plane       | +/- 0.8 kV | 3     |

**6.5 Environmental Testing**

| Subject                | International Standard | European Standard |
|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| Vibration (sinusoidal) | IEC 255-21-1           |                   |
| Shock and bump         | IEC 255-21-2           |                   |
| Cold                   | IEC 68-2-1             | EN 60068-2-1      |
| Dry heat               | IEC 68-2-2             | EN 60068-2-2      |
| Vibration (sinusoidal) | IEC 68-2-6             | EN 60068-2-6      |
| Damp heat, cyclic      | IEC 68-2-30            | EN 60068-2-30     |

**Notes:**

**7 Annex B - INSUM Terms and Abbreviations**

| Abbreviation    | Term                       | Explanation / Comments   |
|-----------------|----------------------------|--|
|                 | Alarm                      | Alarm is defined as status transition from any state to abnormal state. Status transition to abnormal state can be data crossing over the predefined alarm limit.  |
|                 | Backplane                  | INSUM backbone, holds following INSUM devices: router, gateways, clock, power supply. Part of the INSUM Communication Unit, see ICU  |
| <b>CA</b>       | Control Access             | A function of INSUM system that allows definition of operating privileges for each device level (e.g. PCS, gateway, field device)  |
| <b>CAT</b>      | Control Access Table       | Table containing control access privileges   |
| <b>CB</b>       | Circuit Breaker            | Circuit breaker unit (here: ABB SACE Emax with electronic release PR112-PD/LON)  |
| <b>CT</b>       | Current Transformer        | Current Transformer  |
| <b>DCS</b>      | Distributed Control System | see also PCS   |
| <b>Eth</b>      | Ethernet                   | Layer 1 of the ISO layer model for networks, describing the physical properties (cable, connectors etc.) using TCP/IP protocol   |
|                 | Event                      | An event is a status transition from one state to another.<br><br>It can be defined as alarm, if the state is defined as abnormal or as warning as a pre-alarm state.  |
| <b>FD</b>       | Field Device               | Term for devices connected to the LON fieldbus (e.g. motor control units or circuit breaker protection)  |
| <b>FU</b>       | Field Unit                 | see Field Device   |
| <b>GPI</b>      | General Purpose Input      | Digital input on MCU for general use   |
| <b>GPO</b>      | General Purpose Output     | Digital output on MCU for general use  |
| <b>GPS</b>      | Global Positioning System  | System to detect local position, universal time and time zone, GPS technology provides accurate time to a system   |
| <b>GW</b>       | Gateway                    | A gateway is used as an interface between LON protocol in INSUM and other communication protocols (e.g. TCP/IP, Profibus, Modbus)  |
| <b>HMI</b>      | Human Machine Interface    | Generic expression for switchgear level communication interfaces to field devices, either switchboard mounted or hand held   |
| <b>ICU</b>      | INSUM Communications Unit  | INSUM Communications Unit consists of devices such as backplane, gateways, routers, system clock and power supply. It provides the communication interface within INSUM and between INSUM and control systems.<br><br>Formerly used expressions: SGC, SU |
| <b>INSUM</b>    | INSUM                      | Integrated System for User optimized Motor Management. The concept of INSUM is to provide a platform for integration of smart components, apparatus and software tools for engineering and operation of the motor control switchgear                     |
| <b>INSUM OS</b> | INSUM Operator Station     | Tool to parameterise, monitor and control devices in the INSUM system  |
| <b>ITS</b>      | Integrated Tier Switch     | The Intelligent Tier Switch is an ABB SlimLine switch fuse with integrated sensors and microprocessor based electronics for measurement and surveillance   |
| <b>LON</b>      | Local Operating Network    | LON is used as an abbreviation for LonWorks network. A variation of LON is used as a switchgear bus in the INSUM system  |
| <b>LonTalk</b>  | LonTalk protocol           | Fieldbus communication protocol used in LonWorks networks  |



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## PROFIBUS Gateway Manual

### Notes:

| Abbreviation    | Term  | Explanation / Comments   |
|-----------------|---|--|
| <b>LonWorks</b> | LonWorks network                                  | A communication network built using LonWorks network technology, including e.g. Neuron chip and LonTalk protocol   |
| <b>MCU</b>      | Motor Control Unit                                | Motor Control Unit is a common name for a product range of electronic motor controller devices (field device) in INSUM. A MCU is located in a MNS motor starter, where its main tasks are protection, control and monitoring of motor and the related motor starter equipment. |
| <b>MMI</b>      | Man Machine Interface                             | The switchgear level INSUM HMI device to parameterize and control communication and field devices.   |
| <b>MNS</b>      | MNS   | ABB Modular Low Voltage Switchgear   |
|                 | Modbus, Modbus RTU                                | Fieldbus communication protocol  |
| <b>NV,nv</b>    | LON Network Variable                              | Network variable is a data item in LonTalk protocol application containing max. 31 bytes of data.  |
| <b>Nvi, nvi</b> | LON Network Variable input                        | LON bus input variable   |
| <b>Nvo, nvo</b> | LON Network Variable output                       | LON bus output variable  |
| <b>OS</b>       | Operator Station                                  | see INSUM OS   |
| <b>PCS</b>      | Process Control System                            | High level process control system  |
| <b>PLC</b>      | Programmable Local Controller                     | Low level control unit   |
| <b>PR</b>       | Programmable Release                              | Circuit breaker protection/release unit (here: ABB SACE Emax PR112-PD/LON)   |
|                 | Profibus DP                                       | Fieldbus communication protocol with cyclic data transfer  |
|                 | Profibus DP-V1                                    | Fieldbus communication protocol, extension of Profibus DP allowing acyclic data transfer and multi master.   |
| <b>PTB</b>      | Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt             | Authorized body in Germany to approve Ex-e applications.   |
| <b>PTC</b>      | Positive Temperature Coefficient                  | A temperature sensitive resistor used to detect high motor temperature and to trip the motor if an alarm level is reached.   |
| <b>RCU</b>      | Remote Control Unit                               | Locally installed control device for motor starter, interacting directly with starter passing MCU for local operations.  |
|                 | Router  | Connection device in the LON network to interconnect different LON subnets. Part of the INSUM Communications Unit.   |
| <b>RTC</b>      | Real Time Clock                                   | Part of the INSUM System Clock and optionally time master of the INSUM system  |
| <b>SCADA</b>    | Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition          |  |
| <b>SGC</b>      | Switchgear Controller                             | Former term used for INSUM Communications Unit   |
| <b>SU</b>       | Switchgear Unit                                   | Former term used for INSUM Communications Unit   |
|                 | System Clock                                      | INSUM device providing time synchronisation between a time master and all MCUs. Part of the INSUM Communication Unit, see ICU  |
| <b>TCP/IP</b>   | Transmission Control Protocol / Internet Protocol | Transmission protocol used for data transmission via Ethernet  |
| <b>TFLC</b>     | Thermal Full Load Current                         | See MCU Parameter Description for explanation  |
| <b>TOL</b>      | Thermal Overload                                  | See MCU Parameter Description for explanation  |
|                 | Trip  | A consequence of an alarm activated or an external trip command from another device to stop the motor or trip the circuit breaker.   |

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## PROFIBUS Gateway Manual

### Notes:

| Abbreviation | Term         | Explanation / Comments   |
|--------------|--------------|--|
| VU           | Voltage Unit | Voltage measurement and power supply unit for MCU 2  |
|              | Wink         | The Wink function enables identification of a device on the LON network. When a device receives a Wink-message via the fieldbus, it responds with a visual indication (flashing LED) |

**Notes:**

**8 Index**

- Application 16
- Communication interface 7
- Configuration of Gateways parameters 8
- Configuration of PCS 8
- Control Access Name 9
- Control Access Priority 9
- Control Command Timeout 8
- Default parameter 10
- Dip switch arrangement 6
- Download via the Serial Link 16
- Electrical Data 17
- EMC 17
- Failsafe** Heartbeat 9
- Failsafe Timeout PLC 9
- Field Device Timeout 8
- Firmware Download Interface 6
- Firmware Version 9
- GSD-Data** 11
- Hardware Version 10
- heartbeat – broadcast message 16
- Indications 6
- information available to the control system 3
- Life List 16
- LON 2
- LON network 2
- LonMark 2
- LonMark object 2
- LonTalk protocol 2
- Master-Slave Philosophy** 8
- Network variable (NV)** 2
- Parameter File Version** 10
- Pushbuttons 6
- Slave address configuration** 11
- SNVT 2
- SU Lifelist Heartbeat 9
- SU Lifesign Heartbeat 9
- SU Lifesign Timeout 9
- Supervision of field bus 16
- Supervision of the Profibus and fieldbus 16
- Termination of bus 7
- Write output information** 14



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